WORLD WAR II/HOLOCAUST TIMELINE

ROAD TO WAR

ROAD TO HOLOCAUST

PREJUDICE and DISCRIMINATION

1933			
January 30	Adolph Hitler appointed Chancellor of Germany.	March 23	First concentration camp opened at Dachau.
		March 27	Enabling Acts suspending civil liberties.
		April 1–20	Jewish shops and businesses boycotted nationwide.
			Jewish professionals excluded from government jobs, including teaching. Jewish dietary laws prohibited.
		Spring – Summer	Public burning of books by Jews and other anti-Nazis.
			Jewish professors expelled from universities.
			Jewish writers and artists prohibited from practicing their professions.
October 7	Germany withdraws from League of Nations.	July	Laws passed permitting forced sterilization of those considered "inferior"
			Protests by American organizations of Nazi persecution Of Jews.
1934			
August 2	Hitler names himself "Fuhrer" over both Government and party.	October	First major arrests of homosexuals throughout Germany.
1935			
March	Germany enacts draft law violating Treaty Of Versailles	April	Jehovah's Witnesses barred from civil service jobs and many arrested.
		May – November	Jews barred from serving in the German armed forces.
			Nuremberg Laws enacted.
			Jews could not be German citizens.
			Jews could not marry Aryans.
			Jews could not fly the German flag.
			Jew defined as one with two or more Jewish grandparents.

ROAD TO WAR

ROAD TO HOLOCAUST INDOCTRINATION and DISCRIMINATION

1936			
March 7 May 5	Nazi army marches into Rhineland. Ethiopia occupied by Italy.	March 3	Jewish doctors barred from practicing in government institutions.
October	Rome-Berlin Axis agreement signed	July	First Gypsies arrested and sent to Dachau
1937			
		July 16	Buchenwald concentration camp opened.
1938			
		March 13	Austria annexed by Germany. All German anti-Semitic laws immediately apply In Austria
July	Evian Conference to discuss	April	Jews in Reich must register all property with the Authorities.
Contombor	refugee policies.	August	All Jewish men required to add "Israel" to their name and Jewish women "Sarah".
September Munich Pact signed. Britain and Fran- agree to Turn over Sudetenland.	October	First Polish Jews deported from Germany. At Swiss request, Germans order all Jewish passports stamped with a "J".	
		Nov. 9	Kristallnacht following assassination of von Rath.
			Anti-Jewish progrom in Germany and Austria
			200 synagogues destroyed. 7500 Jewish shops looted.
			30000 Jewish men arrested; many sent to concentration camps.
		Nov. 12	Decree forcing all Jews to transfer Jewish businesses to Aryan hands.
			Jewish pupils expelled from German Schools.
		December	Gypsies in Germany required to register with the Police.

ROAD TO WAR

1939

ROAD TO HOLOCAUST INDOCTRINATION and DISCRIMINATION

March	Germany invades Czechoslovakia.	Jan.	Hitler states that if war erupts it will mean the extermination of European Jews.
		Мау	Ravensbruck concentration camp for women established.
		June	Jewish refugees aboard SS St. Louis denied entry to Cuba and US.

ROAD TO WAR

ROAD TO HOLOCAUST PERSECUTION

1939			
August	Germany and USSR sign non-aggres- sion pact. Russia invades Eastern Poland.		
September 1	Beginning of World War II. Germany invades Poland.		
September	France and Britain declare war on Germany.	Sept.	Ghettoization of Polish Jews ordered. Judenrat established.
		Oct.	Hitler authorizes "euthanasia program" (T-4).
		Nov.	Jews in occupied Poland forced to wear distinguishing badge.
1940			
Мау	Nazis conquer Denmark, Norway, Belgium, Luxemborg, Holland and France.	Feb. April	Lodz Ghetto established, sealed in April. Concentration camp established in Auschwitz.
August Sept. Nov.	Battle of Britain begins. Rome-Berlin-Tokyo Axis formed. 500,000 people. Hungary, Romania and Slovakia join Axis.	Oct.	Warsaw Ghetto established, sealed in Nov. with 500,000 people.

ROAD TO WAR

ROAD TO HOLOCAUST PERSECUTION

1941			
		Jan.	Anti Jewish riots in Romania.
		Jan.	Dutch Jews required to register.
		March	Himmler orders construction of camp at Birkenau.
May	Nazis invade North Africa and occupied Yugoslavia and Greece.	Spring	Ghettoes established at Lublin, Minsk, Krakow, Vilna and others.
June	Nazis invade the USSR.	June	Einsatzgruppen begin mass murder of Jews and Gypsies.
		July	Authority given to prepare a "total solu- tion" to Jewish problem.
		Sept.	First experiment gassing at Auschwitz.
		Sept.	Jews in the Third Reich must wear the Star of David.
		Sept.	33,000 Jews massacred at Babi Yar.
		Sept.	First deportation of German and Austrian Jews to ghettos in East.
Dec. 7	Japan attacks Peal Harbor	Oct.	Construction of extermination camps at Majdanek, Belzec and Birkenau.
Dec. 11 Dec.	Germany and Italy declare war on U.S.		
Dec.	Gassing operations begin at Chelmno.		

1944

March June	Nazis occupy Hungary. Allied invasion of Normandy. Nazis in retreat on the Russian front.	Мау	Deportation of Hungarian Jews begins. 437,000 sent to Auschwitz.
		July	Soviets liberate Majdanek extermination camp.
		Aug.	Gypsy Camp at Auschwitz destroyed. 3,000 Gypsies gassed.
		Oct.	Revolt by Auschwitz inmates; one crema- torium blown up.
		Nov.	Last Jews deported from Theresienstadt to Auschwitz.

ROAD TO WAR

1945

ROAD TO HOLOCAUST PERSECUTION

January	Soviets liberate Auschwitz	January	Nazis evacuate Auschwitz; "death march- es" of inmates begin.
April April May 2	Mussolini executed by Italian partisans. Hitler commits suicide. Soviet army captures Berlin.	Spring	Liberation of camps. British liberate Bergen-Belsen. Americans liberate Dachau. Ravensbruck liberated.
May 8	Nazi Germany surrenders; end of WWII in Europe.	November	First major Nuremberg war Crimes Trial begins.